

Science

Progression Map

KS1

Year 1						
Plants	Everyday materials (classifying and grouping)	Seasonal changes				
 Can they name the petals, stem, leaf, bulb, flower, seed, stem and root of a plant? Can they identify and name a range of common plants and trees? Can they recognise deciduous and evergreen trees? Can they name the trunk, branches and root of a tree? Can they describe the parts of a plant (roots, stem, leaves, flowers)? 	 Can they distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made? Can they describe materials using their senses? Can they describe materials using their senses, using specific scientific words? Can they explain what material objects are made from? Can they explain why a material might be useful for a specific job? Can they name some different everyday materials? e.g. wood, plastic, metal, water and rock Can they sort materials into groups by a given criteria? Can they explain how solid shapes can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching? 	 Can they observe changes across the four seasons? Can they name the four seasons in order? Can they observe and describe weather associated with the seasons? Can they observe and describe how day length varies? 				
Animals, including humans						

- Can they point out some of the differences between different animals?
- Can they sort photographs of living things and non-living things?
- Can they identify and name a variety of common animals? (birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals, invertebrates)
- Can they describe how an animal is suited to its environment?
- Can they identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores?

- Can they name the parts of the human body that they can see?
- Can they draw & label basic parts of the human body?
- Can they identify the main parts of the human body and link them to their senses?
- Can they name the parts of an animal's body?
- Can they name a range of domestic animals?
- Can they classify animals by what they eat? (carnivore, herbivore, omnivore)
- Can they compare the bodies of different animals?

Year 2						
Plants	Living things and their habitats	Animals, including humans				
 Can they describe what plants need to survive? Can they observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants? Can they find out & describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy? 	 Can they match certain living things to the habitats they are found in? Can they explain the differences between living and non-living things? Can they describe some of the life processes common to plants and animals, including humans? Can they decide whether something is living, dead or non-living? Can they describe how a habitat provides for the basic needs of things living there? Can they describe a range of different habitats? Can they describe how plants and animals are suited to their habitat? 	 Can they describe what animals need to survive? Can they explain that animals grow and reproduce? Can they explain why animals have offspring which grow into adults? Can they describe the life cycle of some living things? (e.g. egg, chick, chicken) Can they explain the basic needs of animals, including humans for survival? (water, food, air) Can they describe why exercise, balanced diet and hygiene are important for humans? 				
Classifying and grouping materials		Changing materials				

Can they describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials? Can they compare and group together a variety of materials based on their simple physical properties? Can they compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials? (John Dunlop, Charles Macintosh, John McAdam) Can they identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper, cardboard for particular uses? Can they explain how things move on different surfaces?

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Year 3						
Rocks	Plants	Animals, including humans				
 Can they compare and group together different rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties? Can they describe and explain how different rocks can be useful to us? Can they describe and explain the differences between sedimentary and igneous rocks, considering the way they are formed? Can they describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock? Can they recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter? 	 plants? (roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers)? Can they explore the requirement of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow)? Can they explain how they vary from plant to plant? 	 Can they explain the importance of a nutritionally balanced diet? Can they describe how nutrients, water and oxygen are transported within animals and humans? Can they identify that animals, including humans, cannot make their own food: they get nutrition from what they eat? Can they describe and explain the skeletal system of a human? Can they describe and explain the muscular system of a human? 				

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	Forces and Magnets			Light
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Can they compare how things move on different surfaces? Can they observe that magnetic forces can be transmitted without direct contact? Can they observe how some magnets attract or repel each other? Can they classify which materials are attracted to magnets and which are not? Can they notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic Can they compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the barragnet? Can they identify some magnetic materials? Can they describe magnets have having two poles (N & S)? Can they predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other depending to	forces can act at a distance? asis of whether they are attracted to a	, ,	absence of light? ed from surfaces? the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes? ire formed when the light from a light source is blocked by a solid object?

Year 4								
States of matter	d their habitats	Animals, including humans						
 Can they compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases? Can they explain what happens to materials when they are heated or cooled? Can they measure or research the temperature at which different materials change state in degrees Celsius? Can they use measurements to explain changes to the state of water? Can they identify the part that evaporation and condensation has in the water cycle? Can they associate the rate of evaporation with temperature? 	 Can they explore and use a classify variety of living things? (plants, vertical can they compare the classification things found in other places? (under the compare the classification). 	n of common plants and animals to living	•	Can they identify and name the basic parts of the digestive system in humans? Can they describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans? Can they identify the simple function of different types of teeth in humans? Can they compare the teeth of herbivores and carnivores? Can they explain what a simple food chain shows? Can they construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey?				
Sound			Sound					

Sound	Electricity		
 Can they describe a range of sounds and explain how they are made? Can they associate some sounds with something vibrating? Can they compare sources of sound and explain how the sounds differ? Can they explain how to change a sound (louder/softer)? Can they recognise how vibrations from sound travel through a medium to a ear? Can they find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produce it? Can they find patterns between the volume of the sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it? Can they recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases? Can they explain how you could change the pitch of a sound? Can they investigate how different materials can affect the pitch and volume of sounds? 	 Can they identify common appliances that run on electricity? Can they construct a simple series electric circuit? Can they identify and name the basic part in a series circuit, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers? Can they identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery? Can they recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit? Can they associate a switch opening with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit? Can they recognise some common conductors and insulators? Can they associate metals with being good conductors? 		

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Year 5					
Forces Living things and their habitats Animals, including humans					

•	because of the force of gravity acting between the earth and the falling object? Can they identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction that act between moving surfaces? Can they recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect?	insects and a bird?Can they describe the life cycles of co	now naturalists and animal behaviourists?	Can they describe the changes as numans develop to old ager	
	Properties and changes to materials	5		Earth and Space	
•	Can they compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets? Can they explain how some materials dissolve in liquid to form a solution? Can they describe how to recover a substance from a solution? Can they use their knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtur filtering, sieving, evaporating? Can they give reasons, based on evidence for comparative and fair tests for including metals wood and plastic? Can they describe changes using scientific words? (evaporation, condensation) Can they demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible of the can they explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bical can they use the terms 'reversible' and 'irreversible'?	res might be separated, including through the particular uses of everyday materials, hanges?	 Can they explain how seasons and th Can they describe and explain the mo Can they describe the sun, earth and 	evement of the Earth and other plants relative to the sun in the solar system? le associated weather is created? ovement of the Moon relative to the Earth? I moon as approximately spherical bodies? rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky?	
		Yea	nr 6		
	Evolution and Inheritance	Living thing and	d their habitats	Animals, including humans	
•	Can they recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the earth millions of years ago? Can they recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents? Can they give reasons why offspring are not identical to each other or to their parents? Can they explain the process of evolution and describe the evidence for this? Can they identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution?	to common observable charact differences including microorganism	s are classified into broad groups according eristics and based on similarities and ms, plants and animals? ring plants and animals based on specific	 Can they identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood? Can they recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function? Can they describe the ways in which nutrients and water and transported within animals, including humans? 	
Electricity Light					
•	Can they identify and name the basic parts of a simple electric series circuit? (cells, Can they compare and give reasons for variations in how components function loudness of buzzers, the on/off position of switches? Can they use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram?	n, including the brightness of bulbs, the	light into the eye? Can they explain that we see thin and then to our eyes?	travels in straight lines? travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect ngs because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to object s travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that	

Can they describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, amphibians,
 Can they describe the changes as humans develop to old age?

Can they explain that unsupported objects fall towards the earth